User's Manual

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About This Manual

All information in this manual has been verified carefully to ensure the correctness of its contents. In case of error, please provide us with your feedback. Thecus Technology Corp. reserves the right to modify the contents of this manual without notice.

Limited Warranty

Thecus Technology Corp. guarantees all products are thoroughly tested before they leave the factory and should function normally under general conditions. In case of any system malfunction, Thecus Technology Corp. and its local representatives and dealers are responsible for repair without cost to the customer if the product fails within the warranty period and under normal usage. Thecus Technology Corp. is not responsible for any damage or loss of data deemed to be caused by its products. It is highly recommended that users conduct necessary back-up practices.

Product name: Thecus N4100 Manual Version: 1.1 Release Date: October 2005

Table of ContentsCopyright and Trademarks	i
About This Manual	i
Limited Warranty	i
Chapter 1: Introduction	1
Benefits	1
Key Features	1
Unpacking	2
Chapter 2: Hardware Overview	3
The Front Panel	3
Hard Disk Tray	4
The Back Panel	4
Chapter 3: Installing & Connecting	5
Installing Hard Drives	5
Making Connections	6
Checking System Status	6
Checking System Status	7
System Status OK	7
System Trouble	7
Chapter 4: First Time Setup	8
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview	8
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard	8 8 8
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator)	8 8 8 12
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login.	8 8 8 12
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login Status Menu	8 8 12 12 13
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen	8 8 12 12 13 13
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen.	8 8 12 12 13 13 14
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen	8 8 12 12 13 13 14 14
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu.	8 8 12 13 13 13 14 14 15
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen	8 8 12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen RAID Information Screen	8 8 12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15 16
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen RAID Information Screen RAID Configuration Screen	8 8 12 13 13 13 13 13 15 15 16 16
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen RAID Information Screen RAID Configuration Screen Folder Screen	
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen RAID Information Screen RAID Configuration Screen Folder Screen Access Control Setup	
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen. Product Information Screen. Product Information Screen. Storage Menu Disks Information Screen. RAID Information Screen. RAID Configuration Screen. Folder Screen. Access Control Setup Nsync screen.	8 8 12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15 16 16 18 20 22
Chapter 4: First Time Setup Overview Installation Wizard Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator) Login. Status Menu System Status Screen System Information Screen Product Information Screen Product Information Screen Storage Menu Disks Information Screen RAID Information Screen RAID Configuration Screen RAID Configuration Screen RAID Configuration Screen RAID Configuration Screen How to Add a Nsync Task.	

How to set up Nsync Target on Other Device	24
How to set up secure transfer between two N4100s	25
Network Menu	26
Network Configuration Screen	26
Service Screen	27
FTP Screen	27
Accounts Menu	28
ADS/NT Support Screen	28
Users Screen	29
Groups Screen	30
System Menu	31
Notification Configuration Screen	31
System Logs Screen	32
System Logs Screen	32
Time Screen	32
Configuration Management Screen	33
Factory Default Screen	33
Firmware Upgrade Screen	34
Administrator Password Screen	34
Reboot & Shutdown Screen	35
Logout Screen	35
Language Menu	36
Thecus IP Storage Monitor	37
Chapter 6: System Usage (for users)	40
Mapping a Network Drive (Windows)	40
Mapping a Network Drive (Apple OS X)	42
Network Addresses	42
Connecting to a Server	42
Using WebDisk	44
Windows XP Data Backup	46
Installing the Windows XP Home Edition Backup Utility	46
Using the Backup Utility	46
Mac OS X Backup Utilities	47
Forgotten Network IP Address or Password	48
Error Detection	49
Solving Problems	49

Hard Drive Damage50Replacing a Hard Drive50RAID 5 Auto-Rebuild51Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses52Windows XP52Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61Appendix D: Active Directory?61Appendix E: Specifications62	Hard Drive Replacement	
Replacing a Hard Drive50RAID 5 Auto-Rebuild51Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses52Windows XP52Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	Hard Drive Damage	
RAID 5 Auto-Rebuild.51Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses52Windows XP52Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics.55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61Appendix E: Specifications62	Replacing a Hard Drive	
Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses52Windows XP52Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61Appendix E: Specifications62	RAID 5 Auto-Rebuild	51
Windows XP52Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61Appendix E: Specifications62	Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses	52
Mac OS X54Appendix C: RAID Basics55RAID Introduction55Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61Appendix E: Specifications62	Windows XP	
Appendix C: RAID Basics	Mac OS X	54
RAID Introduction 55 Benefits 55 Improved Performance 55 Data Security 55 RAID Overview 56 Stripe Size 56 Choosing a RAID Level 57 RAID 0 58 RAID 1 59 RAID 5 60 Appendix D: Active Directory 61 What is Active Directory? 61 ADS Benefits 61 Appendix E: Specifications 62	Appendix C: RAID Basics	55
Benefits55Improved Performance55Data Security55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	RAID Introduction	
Improved Performance55Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	Benefits	
Data Security55RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	Improved Performance	
RAID Overview56Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	Data Security	
Stripe Size56Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	RAID Overview	
Choosing a RAID Level57RAID 058RAID 159RAID 560Appendix D: Active Directory61What is Active Directory?61ADS Benefits61Appendix E: Specifications62	Stripe Size	
RAID 0	Choosing a RAID Level	57
RAID 1	RAID 0	
RAID 5	RAID 1	
Appendix D: Active Directory 61 What is Active Directory? 61 ADS Benefits 61 Appendix E: Specifications 62	RAID 5	60
What is Active Directory?	Appendix D: Active Directory	61
ADS Benefits	What is Active Directory?	61
Appendix E: Specifications	ADS Benefits	61
	Appendix E: Specifications	62

Chapter 1: Introduction

Thank you for choosing the Thecus N4100 IP Storage Appliance. The Thecus N4100 is an easy-touse storage appliance that allows a dedicated approach to storing and distributing data on a network. Data reliability is ensured with RAID features that provide data security and recovery—over one Terabyte of storage is available using RAID 5. Two Gigabit Ethernet ports enhances network efficiency, allowing the N4100 to take over file management functions, increase application and data sharing and provide faster data response. The N4100 offers data mobility with a disk roaming feature that lets you hot swap working hard drives for use in another N4100, securing the continuity of data in the event of hardware failure. The N4100 allows data consolidation and sharing between Windows (SMB/CIFS), UNIX/Linux, and Apple OS X environments. The N4100's user-friendly GUI supports multiple languages.

Benefits

Data Reliability

- RAID Level 1, 5
- RAID Auto Rebuild
- Disk Backup
- Hot Spare

Data Mobility

- Disk Roaming
- Hot Swap

Data Access Acceleration

• Gigabit Ethernet

Data Sharing & Consolidation

- Windows (SMB/CIFS)
- UNIX/Linux
- Apple OS X

Data Capacity

- Over 2 tera byte capacity
- RAID Level 0, JBOD

Key Features

- Easy-to-use for non-MIS personnel
- 4 SATA (Serial ATA) interfaces
- Over 1 tera byte storage on a RAID 5 (also supports RAID 0, 1 and JBOD)
- Networked Storage on Gigabit Ethernet
- Data can be replicated by Disk Roaming
- Supports Hot Swap
- Multiple languages and easy to use GUI
- Affordable for SOHO and Power Users

Unpacking

Before unpacking the Thecus N4100 check that the package is not damaged. Items in the package include:

- Thecus N4100 IP Storage Appliance
- Power cord
- RJ45 cable
- Accessory bag containing keys, disk tray screws, and front panel screw.
- CD with user manual and related documents
- Quick Installation Guide (QIG)

If you have any questions, please contact your local dealer.

Chapter 2: Hardware Overview

The front and back panels of the Thecus N4100 feature the device's hardware interface and connections.

The Front Panel

The Thecus N4100's front panel has the device's controls, indicators, and hard disk trays.

- **HDD Trays** There are four hard disk drive (HDD) trays. Each tray supports a 3.5-inch SATA HDD. The trays have locks for added physical security and keys are provided with the package.
- **Indicators** The indicators show when various operations take place.
- **Power LED** This LED glows blue when the device is powered on.
- Busy LEDThis LED blinks orange when the system is booting up, or during
maintenance and is unable to provide access to data.
- LAN 1 LED This LED blinks green when there is network activity on the LAN 1 port. A steady green glow means there is a link but no activity. The LAN 1 port is always used for Gigabit Ethernet connection.
- LAN 2 LED This LED blinks green when there is network activity on the LAN 2 port. A steady green glow means there is a link but no activity. The LAN 2 port is used for either Gigabit Ethernet connection.
- **Error LED** When this LED glows a steady red, the system has detected an error.
- **Power Switch** Press the power switch briefly to power on the Thecus N4100. Press this switch again to power down.
- Reset SwitchPress this switch to reset, if there is no response from the system.Note: The Reset switch can also reset Admin password and IP address to
default settings—see Appendix A: Troubleshooting for instructions.



Hard Disk Tray

The Thecus N4100's hard disk trays each have a lock, a latch, and two indicators.

Lock	The tray lock lets you physically secure the HDD with accessory keys.
Latch	Use the latch to open and remove or close and secure the tray.
Indicators	The indicators show when various operations take place.
HDD Power LED	This LED glows blue when the HDD is powered on.
Access/Error LED	This LED blinks green when the system is accessing data on the HDD.
	This LED also blinks red if a hard disk error occurs.



The Back Panel

The Thecus N4100's back panel features ports and connectors.

Power socket Connect the power cord to this universal socket

- LAN 1 The LAN 1 (Local Area Network) port connects to an Ethernet network through a switch or router.
- LAN 2 The optional LAN 2 (Local Area Network) port also connects to an Ethernet network through a switch or router.



Chapter 3: Installing & Connecting

This chapter describes installing and connecting hardware on the Thecus N4100.

Installing Hard Drives

The Thecus N4100 allows easy installation and changing of hard disk drives for convenient upgrade or repair. Install hard disk drives (HDD) into their trays as follows:

- 1. Remove an HDD tray from the Thecus N4100 IP Storage Appliance. (Photo 1)
- 2. *Important!* Check and make sure the HDD uses the SATA interface. (Photo 2)
- 3. Slide the new HDD into the tray and fasten the screws. (Photos 3 and 4)
- 4. Insert the HDD and tray back into the Thecus N4100 until it snaps into place and lock it with a key if desired.
- 5. The LED blinks green when the HDD is accessed. If the Error LED flashes red it signals a problem.

Note: If your HDD was part of a RAID 1 or 5 array previously, it automatically rebuilds. If you replace all the drives with higher capacity drives, you need to go to Administrator login and format the drives.



Making Connections

Make the following connections on the Thecus N4100 and then power up.

- 1. Connect an Ethernet cable from your network to the LAN 1 port on the back panel of the Thecus N4100. (Step 1)
- 2. Connect the provided power cord into the universal power socket on the back panel. Plug the other end of the cord into a surge protector socket. (Step 2)
- 3. Press the power button on the front panel to power on the Thecus N4100.(Step 3)





Checking System Status

After making connections on the Thecus N4100 and powering up, check whether the system status is ok or has trouble by observing indicators on the front panel and HDD trays.

System Status OK

The system status is OK if:

- 1. The front panel Power LED glows blue and the LAN 1 LED glows or blinks green.
- 2. The HDD Power LED on each HDD tray glows blue.



System Status OK

System Trouble

The system has trouble if:

- 1. Any LED glows red.
- 2. The system emits a continuous beeping sound.

If the system has trouble, refer to Appendix A: Troubleshooting.



System Trouble

Chapter 4: First Time Setup

Overview

Once the hardware is installed, physically connected to your network, and powered on, you can now configure the Thecus N4100 so that it is accessible to your network users. Follow the steps below for initial software setup.

Installation Wizard

- 1. Insert the installation CD into your CD-ROM drive (host PC must have connection to the above network).
- 2. The Setup Wizard should launch automatically. If not, please browse your CD-ROM drive and double click on Setup.exe
- The Setup Wizard will start and automatically detect all Thecus IP storage devices on your network. If none are found, please check your connection and refer to the Troubleshooting Guide at the back of the N4100 User's Manual.
- 4. Select the N4100 that you like to configure.



Thecus	and the second se		Storage	Applianc
		Dev	vice Discover	Y Version 1.1
•	No	Host Name	IP	MAC
Device	1	Thecus N2100	1921681100	00-14-ED-10-05-C2
Discovery	2	N2100	172 16 66 20	00-14-ED-10-03-74
	3	DAWAY N2100	172.16.66.64	00-14-FD-10-02-0A
Login	4	N2100 Edwin	172.16.66.188	00-14-FD-10-05-BC
System	5	HC135 N2100	172.16.66.135	00-14-FD-10-06-6E
	6	Thecus N4100	172.16.66.60	00-50-8D-31-04-E2
Network	7	lap N2100	172.16.66.68	00-50-8D-30-FF-AA
Comguration	8	N4100	172.16.66.200	00-50-8D-30-FF-9F
	9	J0EY-N4100	172.16.66.76	00-50-8D-31-03-A6
Enable	10	Jones bye bye	172.16.66.54	00-50-8D-30-FF-A3
Jervice	11	Thecus-N2100	172.16.66.77	00-50-8D-30-FF-B2
Hard Disks Setup	12	Silvia-bye-bye	172.16.66.230	00-50-8D-31-01-1E
	•			•
Change Password				
Complete			Longour III	

5. Login with the default administrator account and password. The default account and password are both *"admin".*



6. Name your N4100 system and configure the network IP address. If you have a DHCP server on your network, you can configure the N4100 to automatically obtain an IP address from the DHCP server. You may also use a static IP address and enter the DNS Server address manually.



7. Enable the services you wish to make publicly accessible. The N4100 offers FTP Server.





8. Refer to the following chart and select the hard disk configuration that best suits your usage model.

Setup Options	Minimum Number of Disks	Increased Reliability
JBOD	1	No
RAID 0	2	No
RAID 1	2	Yes
RAID 5	3	Yes

JBOD - Files are stored in a linear fashion on any available hard disk drives.

- RAID 0 Combine two or more physical hard disk drives into one logical drives. Data is separated into threads and stored across multiple physical drives.
- RAID 1 Use the second hard disk drive as a mirror image of the first hard disk for increased reliability.
- RAID 5 Data are stored across all the hard disk drives in small blocks. Parity for blocks is calculated for increased reliability..

9. Change the default administrator password.



10. Finished! Access the current N4100 administrator webpage by pressing the "**Start Browser**" button. You can also configure another N4100 at this point.



Chapter 5: System Management (for Administrator)

When the system is setup and you are connected to a network, you can configure and manage the network through an internet browser such as Windows Internet Explorer.

Login

To access the Login webpage:

- 1. Type in the IP address in your browser's address line.
- 2. The Login screen appears.
- 3. Type in your Username and Password. (You have to login here as a System Administrator) (admin / admin)
- 4. Press Login.
- 5. The About screen from the Status menu appears.

Note 1: The default IP address is 192.168.1.100.

Note 2: To access the IP address, your computer must be configured with the correct IP settings. See Appendix B for information.



Status Menu

The **Status** menu provides basic system information such as product model, hardware and software versions and profile of the system. A description of each menu item follows.



	-				
System Stat	tus				
c	PU Loading(%)		0	%	
Me	emory Size(KB)		514,172	КВ	
	Up Time	5 days 7 hours 51 mir	nutes		
Disk Inform	ation				
Disk Slot	Capacity (MB)	Serial No.	Model	Firmware	Status
1	35,304	WD-WMAH91514575	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	Ok
2	35,304	WD-WMAH91514434	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	OK
3	35,304	WD-WMAH91514559	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	Ok
4	35,304	WD-WMAH91514496	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	Ok
Total Canadity	444.240				

System Status Screen

From Status menu, choose System item, and the System Status and Disk Information screen appears. This screen provides basic system status information. The Disk Information screen can also be found in the Disks item in Storage menu.

CPU loading	Displays current CPU workload of N4100
Up time	Shows how long the system has been running.
Disk Slot	Indicates disk location.
Capacity	Shows the disk capacity.
Model	Displays the hard disk model name.
Firmware	Shows the firmware version.
Status	Indicates the status of the hard disks, which may either be OK or Failed.
Total capacity	Shows the total disk capacity.

System Information Screen

From Status menu, choose Info item, and the System Information screen appears. You can change the system information that appears on the Login page by entering the new information here and pressing **Apply** to confirm.

System description Shows a description of the system; it also appears on the Login page.

<image><complex-block><complex-block><form><form>

Product Information Screen

From the Status menu, choose the About item, and the Product Information screen appears. The Product Information screen provides the information about the system.

Manufacturer	Displays the name of the manufacturer of the system.
Product No.	Shows the model number of the system.
Serial No.	Displays the system's serial number.
Firmware version	Shows the version of the firmware.
Up time	Displays the total running time of the system.



Storage Menu

The Storage menu provides disk information and allows you to configure RAID and sharing.

📀 Storage 👻	🔕 Storage 🔻
Disks	Disks
RAID	RAID
Folder	Folder
NSync	NSync S
Target	NSync T

Disks Information Screen

From the Storage menu, choose the Disks item and the Disks Information screen appears. A disk information line would be blank if the disk slot is empty. If there is a problem with a disk the Status column will display "Failed".

Disk No.	Indicates the disk location.
Capacity	Shows the disk capacity.
Model	Displays the hard disk model name.
Firmware	Shows the firmware version.
Status	Indicates the status of the disk, either OK or Failed.
Total capacity	Shows the total disk capacity

Disks Infor	mation				
Disk No.	Capacity (MB)	Serial No.	Model	Firmware	Status
1	35,304	WD-WMAH91514575	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	ОK
2	35,304	WD-WMAH91514434	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	OK
3	35,304	WD-WMAH91514559	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	OK
4	35,304	WD-WMAH91514496	WDC WD360GD-00FNA0	35.06K35	OK
Total Capacity	141,216				
		Refres	n		

RAID Information Screen

From the Storage menu, choose the RAID item, and the RAID Information screen appears. The information displayed includes total memory capacity, RAID status, and the current RAID setting. To configure your RAID settings, press the **Config** button and the RAID Configuration screen appears.

Raid level	Shows the type of RAID setting for the system.
Total Capacity	Shows total capacity after the RAID configuration.
Status	Indicates status of the RAID, either Healthy or Failed.
Used Percentage	Displays percentage of used RAID capacity.
Stripe Size	Shows size of disk stripe.
Remaining Time	Indicates time remaining until the RAID is finished building.

RAID Configuration Screen

In the RAID Information screen, press "**Config**" to enter the RAID Configuration screen. In addition to RAID disk information and status, this screen lets you make RAID configuration settings. See Appendix C for basic information on RAID.

RAID Level

You can set the storage volume as either None, JBOD, RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 5. RAID configuration is usually required only when you first set up the device. A brief description of each RAID setting follows:

- **None** There is no existing storage volume.
- **JBOD** The storage volume is a single HDD with no RAID support. A minimum of 2 HDD is required.
- **RAID 0** Provides data striping but no redundancy. Improves performance but not data safety. At least 2 HDD are required.
- **RAID 1** Offers disk mirroring. Provides twice the read rate of single disks, but same write rate. Supports 2 HDD.
- **RAID 5** Data striping and stripe error correction information provided. Excellent performance and good fault tolerance.



RAID Cont	figuration				
RAID Level		○ None ○ JBOD ○ RAI	D 0 🔿 RAID 1 💿 F	RAID 5	
Disk No.	Capacity (MB)	Model	Status	RAID	Spare
1	0	N/A	N/A		
2	0	N/A	N/A		
3	0	N/A	N/A		
4	0	N/A	N/A		
Stripe Size	64 K 💌				
Create RAID	Create		Remove RAID	Rer	nove
		Control	Í.		

Disk Settings

With the Disk settings you can select stripe size and choose which disks are RAID disks or the Spare Disk as well as enter a name for each disk.

Stripe size	This sets the stripe size to maximize performance of sequential files in a storage volume. Keep the 64K setting unless you require a special file storage layout in the storage volume. A larger stripe size is better for large files.
RAID	Check the boxes of the HDDs you wish to add to the storage volume.
Spare Disk	Check a box to designate the replacement HDD for the storage volume. This becomes the backup for any damaged HDD.
Add Spare	Press this button to add a new Spare disk.
Create RAID	Press this button to configure a file system and create the RAID storage volume.
Remove RAID	Press this button to nullify the RAID storage volume.

How to Create a RAID

 In the RAID Configuration screen, Set the RAID storage space as JBOD, RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 5—see Appendix C for details.

Note: If security is your primary concern, for 2 disks, choose RAID 1; for 4 disks, choose RAID 5. If capacity is your primary concern, choose JBOD or RAID 0.

- 2. Check the hard disks you wish to create a RAID on. Specify Stripe size-64K is a normal setting.
- 3. Press Create to build the RAID storage volume.

Note: Building a RAID storage space may take time, depending on the size of hard drives and RAID mode.

WARNING: Creating RAID destroys all data in the current RAID, and the data is unrecoverable.

How to Add a Spare Disk

You can add a spare disk after you already have a RAID set up.

Note: You can only add a spare disk for RAID 5 level.

- 1. In the RAID Configuration screen add to the Spare check box of the disk you wish to add.
- 2. Press the Add spare button and the system automatically rebuilds.

How to Remove a RAID

- 1. In the RAID Configuration screen click on the Remove RAID button.
- 2. The system automatically rebuilds and you can create a new RAID.

WARNING: Removing RAID destroys all data in the current RAID, and the data is unrecoverable.

Folder Screen

From the Storage menu, choose the Folder item, and the Folder screen appears. This screen allows you to create and configure folders on the RAID storage volume.

Folder name	Displays the name of the Share folder.
Edit	Press this button to enter the Edit screen and modify the Folder's name, description.
Description	Provides a description of the Folder.
ACL	Press ACL (Access Control List) to configure which users have access to this folder.
Del	Press this button to delete the folder. A screen appears asking to confirm deletion.
Add	Press this button and the Add Folder screen appears, from which you can add a new folder.



Add Folder Screen

In the Folder screen press **Add** button and the Add Folder screen appears. This screen allows you to add a folder. After entering the information, press **Apply** to add the new folder.

Folder name	Enter the name of the Folder.
Comment	Provide a description for the Folder.
Browseable	Choose Yes or No.
Public	Choose Yes or No.



Edit Share Screen

From the Folder screen, press the **Edit** button and the Edit Share screen appears. This screen allows you to change share/folder information. After entering the information, press **Submit** to change the settings.

Share name Displays the name of the Share (Folder).

- **Comment** Change the description of the Share (Folder).
- Browseable Choose Yes or No.
- Public Choose Yes or No.



ACL Screen

In the Folder screen press the **ACL** button, and the Access Control List screen appears. This screen allows you to configure access to this Folder for the users and groups. Select a user or a group from the left hand column and then choose Deny, Read Only, or Writable to configure their access level. Press the **Submit** button to confirm settings.

Deny	Denies access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.
Read Only	Provides Read Only access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.
Writable	Provides Write access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.
Remove	Removes selected user or group from the column in order to re-set their access level
Submit	Submits and confirms settings.
Reset	Cancel your new setting.

Access Control Setup

You can control access to share folders using the Thecus N4100 browser-based software's Access Control List (ACL). The ACL lets you determine which users and groups have access to which folders, as well as the level of their access. Set up the ACL as follows:

- 1. Login to the Thecus N4100 software. Select the Folder item from the Storage menu, and the Folder screen appears.
- 2. Choose a current Folder, or create a new Folder with the Add button, and press the **ACL** button.
- 3. The ACL screen appears. All network groups and users are listed in the left hand column. From this list select a group or user.



					_
	Folder	Description	ACI	F-10	Remove
	Marcom	Marketing communications, documentation	ACL	Edit	Del
۵	dministration	Management, personnel,	ACL	Edit	Del
		Add			

 With the group or user selected, press one of the buttons from the three access level columns at the top. The group or user then appears in that column and has that level of access to the Folder. The three levels of access are:

Deny	Denies access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.
Read Only	Provides Read Only access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.
Writable	Provides Write access to users or groups who are displayed in this column.

- 5. Continue selecting groups and users and assigning them access levels using the column buttons.
- 6. To remove a group or user from an access level column, press the **Remove** button in that column.
- 7. When you are finished, press the **Submit** button to submit and confirm your ACL settings.

Note: You must set the ACL for each folder for access by specific users and groups; otherwise the folder is inaccessible to all users and groups.



Nsync screen

You can backup a share folder to another N4100 (Target) or any FTP server for safe keeping as long as you have appropriate access right on that target. When using Nsync between two N4100, you have the option to transmit files securely between two N4100s.

If the files on your N4100 are lost for any reason, you can restore those files from the target N4100. To backup files regularly, you can set up a scheduled task to run only once, daily, weekly, or monthly. You can also limit the bandwidth of your Nsync tasks, so other people can share the bandwidth equally.

Nsync task name	The name of your Nsync task
Nsync Server	The IP address of your target server
Nsync Folder	The share folder you want to backup.
Last Time	The time when the last Nsync task was executed.
Last Status	The status of your last Nsync task.
Action	Administrator can run or stop an Nsync task by pressing the Action button.
Add	Add a Nsync task
Modify	Modify an Nsync task.
Delete	Delete an Nsync task. When a task is deleted, backup files on Nsync target is also deleted.
Restore	Restore share folder from an Nsync target.
Bandwidth Setting	Bandwidth control on Nsync tasks.

NSync Nsync task name Nsync Server NSync Folder Last Time Last status Action Bandwidth Setting unlimit< Apply Add Modify Restore Delete Add Modify Restore Delete Protect vour San Neuror Your Delete	Thecu Status	• O Storage •	P Stors & Network •	ولا ڪري ه Accounts -	ستدللون ▼ System •	පල 🛯 Languag	e
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How to Add an Nsync Task

From the Storage menu, choose the Nysnc item, and the NSync Information screen appears. Click on **Add** button, and Add Nsync Task screen appears.

Manufacturer	Select whether the target is a Thecus Product (eg. N4100) or FTP server.
Target Server IP Address	The IP address of your target server
Nsync Folder	The share folder you want to backup.
Nsync Task Name	The name of your Nsync task.
AUTH ID	The account ID on the target server.
AUTH Password	The password for the AUTH ID on the target server.
Confirm Password	Type in password second time for confirmation.
Schedule	Schedule backup of your share folders.
Time	The time when the Nsync task will run.
Туре	Select whether to run the Nsync task daily, weekly, or monthly. When Weekly option is selected, administrator also has to decide what day of a week to execute the task. When Monthly option is selected, administrator also has to decide what day of a month to execute the task.
Add Task	To submit the task.

Manufacturer	Theous Product O Other Device		
Manuracturer			
Target Server IP address:			
Nsync folder:	nsync 💌		
Nsync Task Name:			
AUTH ID:	AUTH Password:		
	Confirm Password:		
Schedule:			
Time:			
Type:	Type: 💿 Daily 🔿 Weekly 🔿 Monthly		
	Sun 💌 1 💌		
	Add Task		

How to set up Nsync Target on N4100

On the Nsync target server, the administrator of that server has to set up a user account with writable to nsync folder.

- 1. On the Nsync server, add a user for Nsync source (ex. nsyncsource1). For instructions on how to add a user on N4100, please go to section on "Add Users" in Chapter 4.
- 2. On the Nsync server, add that user (ex. nsyncsource1) to writable list of nysnc folder. For instructions on how to set up ACL for a user, please go to section on "Setting the Access Control List (ACL) for a Folder" in Chapter 4.
- 3. Once this is done, the target server will start accepting Nsync task from server using that ID and password.



How to set up Nsync Target on Other Device

If you selected "Other Device" when setting up your Nsync task, N4100 will use FTP protocol to back up the share folder. Please make sure there is a folder named "nsync", and the Auth ID has writable permission in that folder.

How to set up secure transfer between two N4100s

On the target N4100, from the **Storage** menu, choose the **Target** item, and the **Secure Transfer Setting** screen appears.

Secure Transfer	To enable or disable Secure Transfer.
Segment	When Secure Transfer is enabled, administrator has to select a IP segment that is not being used by any of Nsync source or target machine's IP Network.
	Ex: Nsync source machine IP: 192.168.1.100
	Nsync target machine IP : 192.168.2.100
	Please select a Segment that is neither 192.168.1 nor 192.168.2.
Apply	To submit your changes.



Network Menu

Use the Network menu to make network configuration settings and as well as service support settings.

47	Network -
	LAN 1
	LAN 2
	Service
	FTP



Network Configuration Screen

From the Network menu, choose LAN 1 or LAN2, and the Network Configuration screen appears. This screen displays the network parameters of the system. You are allowed to change any of these items and press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

Host name	Shows host name.
Domain name	Specifies the domain name.
DHCP	Select Enable for automatic IP settings or Disable to make your own IP settings.
IP	Specifies the IP address of the network connection
Netmask	Specifies the network mask, which is generally: 255.255.255.0
Gateway	Specifies Gateway setting of your local area network
DNS server	Specifies the Domain Name Service (DNS) server.

Note: Enabling DHCP automatically turns on UPnP—see the Service Support Screen.

Service Screen

From the Network menu, choose the Service item, and the Service Support screen appears. This screen displays the service support parameters of the system. You are allowed to change any of these items and press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

WebDisk Support	Enable or Disable WebDisk support. Set the port if Enabled.
Secure WebDisk Support	Enable or Disable secure WebDisk support. Set the port if Enabled.
SMB/CIFS	Enable or Disable SMB/CIFS protocol for Windows, Apple, Unix drive mapping.
UPnP	Enable or Disable Universal Plug and Play protocol. UPnP helps to find the IP address of the N4100.

Note 1: Disable WebDisk (HTTP) support and Enable Secure WebDIsk (Secure HTTP) support to guarantee secure access.

Note 2: In some environments, due to security concerns, you may wish to Disable SMB/CIFS as a precaution against computer viruses.

FTP Screen

From the Network menu, choose the FTP item, and the FTP server setting screen appears.

The N4100 can act as a FTP server, enabling users to download and upload files with their favorite FTP client programs.

FTP	Enable or Disable FTP support.
FTP ENCODE	For user to select their file name encoding. Available options are BIG5,
	HZ, ISO, EUC-JP, and UTF-8





Accounts Menu

Use the Accounts menu to configure Active directory support, local users, and local groups.

ADS/NT Support Screen

From the Accounts menu, choose Authentication item and the ADS/NT Support screen appears.

If you have a Windows Active Directory Server(ADS) or Windows NT server to handle the domain security in your network, you can simply enable the ADS/NT support feature; the N4100 will connect with the ADS/NT server and get all the information of the domain users and groups automatically.

You are allowed to change any of these items and press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

WINS Server	Specifies the WINS server if necessary.
Work Group / Domain Name	Specifies the SMB/CIFS Work Group / ADS Domain Name (e.g. N4100).
ADS/NT Support	Select Disable to disable authentication through Windows Active Directory Server or Windows NT.
Authentication Method	Select ADS for Windows Active Directory Server, or select NT for Windows NT
ADS/NT Server Name	Specifies the ADS/NT server name (e.g. adservername).
ADS/NT Realm	Specifies the ADS/NT realm (e.g. example.com)
Administrator ID	Enter the administrators ID of Windows Active Directory or Windows NT, which is required for N4100 to join domain.
Administrator password	Enter the ADS/NT Administrator password.
Confirm Password:	For re-entering password to confirm.



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	ADS/NT Realm		
	Administrator ID		
	Administrator Password		
	Confirm Password		
	Apply	Cancel	
			Protectyour Source Secure Your Data
			www.thecus.com

Users Screen

From the Accounts menu, choose Users item, and the Local User Configuration screen appears. This screen allows you to configure local user settings. If you change any of these items, press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

Local User Configuration	Lists All users
Add	Add a new user
Modify	Modify an existing use
Delete	Delete an existing user

How to Add a User

- 1. Click on Add button in Local User Configuration, and Local User Setting screen appears.
- 2. In the Local User Setting screen, enter a name in the User Name box.
- 3. Enter a password in the Password box and re-enter the password in the Confirm box.
- 4. Select which group the user will belong to. Group Members is a list of groups this user belongs to. Group List is a list of groups this user does not belong to. Use the << or >> button to join or leave a group.
- 5. Press the **Apply** button and the User is created.

How to Remove a User

1. Click on Delete button in Local User Configuration, and the user is deleted from the system.

How to Change a User Password

- 1. In Local User Configuration screen, select an existing user, click on the Modify button, and Local User Setting screen appears
- 2. Enter a new password and re-enter to confirm and press Apply to confirm.

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	Add	Modify	Delete	

Local User Setting			
Use	r Name :		
Pa	issword :		
	Confirm :		
Group	Members	Group	List
users			
	×		
	Apply		

Groups Screen

From the Accounts menu, choose Groups item, and the Local Groups Configuration screen appears. This screen allows you to make local group settings. If you change any of these items, press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

List of All Groups	Lists all groups
Add	Add a new group.
Modify	Modify an existing group.
Delete	Delete an existing group.

How to Add a Group

- 1. Click on Add button in Local Group Configuration, and Local Group Setting screen appears.
- 2. In the Local Group Setting screen, enter a name in the Group Name box.
- 3. Select users which the group will contain. Members List is a list of users this Group contains. Users List is a list of users this Group does not contain. Use the << or >> button to include or exclude a user.
- 4. Press the **Apply** button and the Group is created.

How to Modify a Group

- 1. In the Local Group Configuration screen, select a group name from the list.
- 2. Click on **Modify** button in Local Group Configuration, and Local Group Setting screen appears.
- 3. Administrator can remove a user from the group by selecting a user in the Members List and click on the >> button. Administrator can add a user to the group by selecting a user in the Users List and click on the << button.

How to Delete a Group

- 1. In the Local Group Configuration screen, select a group name from the list.
- 2. Press **Delete** button to delete the group.

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System Menu

Use the System menu to configure administrative tasks.



Notification Configuration Screen

From the System menu, choose the Notification item, and the Notification Configuration screen appears. This screen lets you make settings for notification in case of system problems. If you change any of these items, press Apply to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

Beep Notification	Enable or Disable system beeper that beeps when a problem occurs.
Email Notification	Enable or Disable email notification of system problems.
SMTP Server	Set the server hostname/IP and the Port to send outgoing email.
Auth type	Authentication method used on your SMTP server.
SMTP Account ID	Set SMTP account ID.
Account Password	Set a password.
Confirm Account password	Confirm the password.
Receiver's Email Addresses	Add receivers' email addresses for notification of system problems.


System Logs Screen

From the System menu, choose the Logs item and the System Logs screen appears. This screen lets you configure and manage system logs, which provide a history of system usage. A description of each item follows:

l<< < > >>l	Use these buttons to browse the log pages.
INFO	Provides all log information including warning messages and error messages.
WARN	Shows all warning messages and error messages.
ERROR	Shows only error messages.
GO	Specify the number of lines per page and press Go.
Ascending	Shows logs by date in ascending order.
Descending	Shows logs by date in descending order.

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2005/04/16 23:50:19 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 00:01:17 1	Thecus_N4100 httpd: (admin)	_
2005/04/17 00:10:57 1	Thecus_N4100 udhcpc[791]: Lease of 192.168.0.8 obtained, lease time -1	
2005/04/17 00:30:55 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 00:50:55 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 01:11:31 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 01:31:31 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 01:51:31 7	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
2005/04/17 02:12:06 1	Thecus_N4100 MARK	
<<		
	1 2 3 4 5 6 Z INFO WARN ERROR	
	mber of lines per page 10 GO Ascending Descending	

Time Screen

From the System menu, choose the Time item and the Time screen appears. Set the desired date, time and time zone. You are allowed to you change any of these items and press **Apply** to confirm your settings. A description of each item follows:

Date	Sets the date on the system.
Time	Sets the time on the system.

Time Zone Sets the time zone on the system.



Configuration Management Screen

From the System menu, choose the Config Mgmt item and the System Configuration Download/Upload screen appears. You can download or upload system configurations. A description of each item follows:

Download Save the current system configuration by downloading.

Upload Find a saved configuration file with the Browse button and Upload to make it the current system configuration.

WARNING: Uploading a configuration with different firmware version is not allowed.

Factory Default Screen

From the System menu, choose the Factory Default item and the Reset to Factory Default screen appears. Press **Apply** to reset the Thecus N4100 to factory default settings.

WARNING: Resetting to the factory default erases all data on the disks.

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	Download	Download				
	Upload			Browse	Upload	
					Prote	ectyour Source Decure Your Data
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Firmware Upgrade Screen

From the System menu, choose the Firmware Upgrade item and the Firmware Upgrade screen appears. A description of each item follows:

Firmware Find a firmware configuration file with the Browse button and press **Apply** to upgrade the firmware.

How to Upgrade Firmware

- 1. Use the Browse button to find the firmware file to upgrade to.
- 2. Press Apply.
- 3. The beeper beeps and the system's Busy LED blinks until the upgrade is complete.

Note: The buzzer only beeps if it is enabled in the System Notification menu.

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Administrator Password Screen

From the System menu, choose the Administrator Password item and the Change Administrator Password screen appears. You are allowed to alter your password and Press **Apply** to confirm. A description of each item follows:

New Password	Type in the new administrator password
Confirm Password	Type the new password again to confirm.

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	Confirm PasswordCancel	
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		www.thecus.com

Reboot & Shutdown Screen

From the System menu, choose Reboot & Shutdown item, and the Shutdown/Reboot System screen appears. A description of each item follows:

RebootReboots the systemShutdownShuts down the system



Logout Screen

From the System menu, choose the Logout item and the Logout screen appears. Press the **Apply** button to logout of the system.



Language Menu

Choose the Language menu and the Change Language screen appears. This screen allows you to select the language for the system menus. Choose a language from the pull down menu and press **Apply** to confirm your setting.

Upload is for user to upload other languages in the future, which was not included in the Firmware.

🗈 Language



Thecus IP Storage Monitor

To keep an eye on N4100, administrators can install Thecus IP Storage Monitor included in the CD on their Windows desktop. The Monitor will alert administrators when things go wrong.

- Insert the installation CD into your CD-ROM drive (host PC must have connection to the above network). Select to install "Thecus IP Storage Monitor". If you do not see the menu selection, please browse your CD-ROM drive and double click on autorun.exe file.
- Thecus IP Storage Appliance Thecus IP Storage Monitor v1.0.0 Name IP MAC CPU M Add Remove Minimize Exit



 Launch your Thecus IP Storage Monitor from Start > Program >Thecus > Monitor. Initially, the monitor list is empty. Click on Add button to discover all the Thecus IP Storage devices on your network. The Monitor will list all Thecus IP Storage Devices on your network.

Note: Monitor application uses UDP port 11,000, 11,001 and TPC port 10,000. Note: To use this feature, your firewall software might ask you to let the software to access your network. Please select "Unlock" in order to let the program to get access to the network.

Button	Description
Add	Add a Thecus IP Storage device into your Monitor list.
Remove	Remove a Thecus IP Storage device into your Monitor list.
Minimize	Minimize the program into System Tray.
Exit	Exit the Monitor program.

3. The Application will start and automatically detect all Thecus IP storage products on your network. Select the N4100 that you like to monitor, or you can direct input IP address that you like to monitor. Administrator can also select "Enter Device IP" option and enter the IP address of the Thecus IP storage device into text field.



- 4. Press LOGIN button. Login with administrator account and password.
 - **Note:** If you are using this N4100 for the first time, the default administrator account is "admin" and password is "admin".



5. Once login is successful, the Monitor List will show the Thecus IP storage device that you selected. At this time you can press the **Minimize** button, the Monitor window will disappear, and an application icon will appear in Windows System Tray.

- 6. When system detects an error, system tray icon will turn red or orange.
 - **Note:** When the system tray icon is Red that means there is a system error on the N4100 you are monitoring. When the system tray icon is orange that means the connection is lost from the Monitor to the N4100.
- 7. Click on the system tray icon and the monitor will show which N4100 generated the error. Administrator can click on the highlighted N4100, and the monitor will show the specific error message. Administrator should remedy the situation to ensure N4100 service.









Chapter 6: System Usage (for users)

After the system is setup and you are connected to a network, there are basic operations that help you access and manage the share folders on the Thecus N4100.

Mapping a Network Drive (Windows)

You can map share folders on the Thecus N4100 so you can access them through the My Computer folder in Windows. You can connect to the shared network folders on the Thecus N4100 as follows:

1. Go to the My Documents folder in Windows.



2. In the menu bar, select Tools and then Map Network Drive...

Tools	Help
Мар	Network Drive
Disc	onnect Network Drive
Syno	hronize
Fold	er Options

- 3. The Map Network Drive... window appears.
- 4. Assign a Drive letter for the share folder.
- 5. Use the Browse button to find the folder over your network, or enter the folder name you wish to connect to or its IP address.

6. Press **Finish**. When the Connect As... window appears, enter a User name and Password.

7. Press **OK**. The share folder appears as the drive you assigned in your My Computer window. You can now access this folder as though it were a drive on your computer.

	Windows and assi access the Specify t that you	s can help you connect to a gn a drive letter to the conn he folder using My Compute the drive letter for the conn want to connect to:	shared lection r. ection (network folder so that you can and the folder
	Drive:	I:	~	
	F <u>o</u> lder:	\\192.168.1.100\sales	~	Browse
		Example: \\server\share Reconnect at logon Connect using a <u>different:</u> Sign up for online storage network server.	user na or conr	ime. nect to a

Connect As	
By default, you w LAPTOP\CK Wang user name and pa	vill connect to the network folder as 1. To connect as another user, enter their assword below.
User name:	😰 I 💽 🔐 Browse
Eassword:	OK Cancel



Mapping a Network Drive (Apple OS X)

For most shared computers or servers you can locate and connect using the Finder Network browser. If you can't locate the computer or server, you may be able to find it by typing its network address in the Connect to Server dialog.

Network Addresses

A network address is the protocol followed by the DNS name and any additional pathname for the computer. You can also use the IP address for the computer rather than its DNS name.

Windows

To connect to SMB/CIFS (Windows) servers and shared folders, type the DNS name using one of the following:

smb://DNSname/sharename

smb://IPaddress/sharename

You can also use the computer name. If you don't specify the shared folder as part of the address, you can choose it after you enter your user name and password.

Connecting to a Server

On an Apple computer connect to shared computers and servers using a network address.

- 1. Choose Go > "Connect to Server."
- Enter the network address for the server in the Server Address text box and click Connect. The screen to the right shows a network address for SMB/CIFS (Windows) servers and shared folders.

Add a computer or server to your Favorites list by clicking the Add (+) button. You can choose a recently connected server from the Recent Servers pop-up menu. You can also double-click computers you have added to the Favorites list.

00	Connect To Server	
Server Address:		
smb://192.168.	1.100	+ 0,
Favorite Servers:		
Remove	Browse	Connect
	<u></u>	

3. Follow the onscreen instructions to enter your user name and password and select server volumes or shared folders. The screen to the right shows SMB/CIFS Filesystem Authentication for Windows.

Enter username and password for SERVER_XP:
Workgroup/Domain
THECUS
Username
test_user
Password
Add to Keychain

SMB Mount Select a share SharedDocs + Cancel **Re-authenticate** OK



CHOICE S

4. Press **OK** and the SMB Mount (Windows) screen appears.

5. Select a share and press **OK**. The selected share appears.

Using WebDisk

The Thecus N4100 provides a WebDisk function that allows you to access the system over the Internet from any browser.

- 1. Make sure that WebDisk Support or Secure WebDisk Support is enabled in the Service Support screen in the system's Network menu. See Service Support in Chapter 6: System Management.
- 2. In the Login page, type in the User ID and password that were previously set for you in the Accounts menu. See Accounts Menu in Chapter 6.

- 3. The WebDisk page appears showing folders made currently available to you via the Access Control List (ACL) in the Folder item under Storage menu.
- 4. Click on a folder name to enter the folder. Click on a file to download the file.





5. The folder's page appears displaying files and folders.

Name	Displays the names of folders and files.
Size	Shows the size of folders and files.
Туре	Displays the type of folders and files.
Modified	Shows the time of most recent modification of folders and files.

6. Buttons on the folder page allow you to create a new folder, upload files and delete files in the folder.

Up	Goes to the previous folder level.
New folder	Creates a new folder.
New file (upload)	Uploads a file from your computer to the current folder.
Delete Selected Items	Deletes selected files and folders.

- 7. To create a new folder within the current folder, press the **New folder** button. When the screen appears enter a name for the folder. Press **OK** to create the folder.
- 8. To upload a file from your computer to the current folder, press the **New file (upload)** button. When the screen appears, press **Browse** and locate the file to upload. Press **OK** and the file uploads to the current folder.
- 9. To delete a file or folder, select the file or folder's check box. Press the **Delete selected items** button. You can also check the check box as the red circle indicates to select all files and folders in this folder.



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Name Name	Size	Туре	Modified Date	P	E
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🔲 🖻 test.txt	0 KBT)	XT File	11/09/2005 19:20		
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Name	Size	Туре	Modified Date	\swarrow	E
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🔽 🗟 test.txt	0 КВТ	XT File	11/00/2005 10:20		

Windows XP Data Backup

If you are using Windows XP Professional, the Windows Backup utility (Ntbackup.exe) is ready to use.

Installing the Windows XP Home Edition Backup Utility

If you are using Windows XP Home Edition, follow these steps to install the utility:

- 1. Insert the Windows XP CD into a drive and double-click the CD icon in My Computer.
- 2. When the Welcome to Microsoft Windows XP screen appears, click Perform Additional Tasks.
- 3. Click Browse this CD.
- 4. In Windows Explorer, double-click the ValueAdd folder, then Msft, and then Ntbackup.
- 5. Double-click Ntbackup.msi to install the Backup utility.

Using the Backup Utility

By default, the Backup utility uses a wizard. To begin Backup:

- 1. Click Start, point to All Programs, point to Accessories, point to System Tools, and click Backup to start the wizard.
- 2. Click Next to skip past the opening page, Choose Back up files and settings from the second page, and then click Next.
- 3. Select which option you want to back up.
- 4. Click next and in the **Backup Type, Destination, and Name** page specify a back up location using the Browse button.
- Find and select the drive that specifies your N4100 system as your backup destination and click Next.
- 6. Click next to display the wizard's final page and click Finish to start backing up.



Mac OS X Backup Utilities

The Mac OS X does not include any backup software, However, there are a number of backup solutions available for the Mac OS X, including: <u>iBackup</u>, <u>Psyncx</u>, <u>iMSafe</u>, <u>Rsyncx</u>, <u>Folder Synchronizer X</u>, <u>Tri-BACKUP</u>, <u>Impression</u>, <u>Intego Personal Backup</u>, <u>SilverKeeper</u>, and Apple's dotMac Backup utility, to name just a few. With this many backup options there is no excuse not to backup your work. To find even more freeware and shareware backup utilities to choose from, go to <u>VersionTracker</u> or <u>MacUpdate</u> and search on "backup".

Appendix A: Troubleshooting

This appendix covers troubleshooting, including error detection and how to deal with a damaged hard drive.

Forgotten Network IP Address

If you forget your network IP address you can use the setup wizard to retrieve the IP of your N4100.

- 1. Start the Setup Wizard, it will automatically detect all Thecus IP storage products on your network. If none are found, please check your connection and refer to the Troubleshooting Guide at the back of the N4100 User's Manual.
- 2. You should be able to find the IP address of the N4100 which you have forgotten in the "Device discovery" screen.

Forgotten Password

If you forget your password for the administrator, you can reset the N4100 to its default settings as follows:

- 3. Power on the N4100 and immediately press the Reset button for 10 seconds.
- 4. This resets the N4100 to its default IP address and password settings.
- 5. Make sure your network is connected to the Internet and access the N4100 Login webpage:
- 6. Use the Setup Wizard to configure the N4100 again.

Note: The default password for "admin" is "admin".





Error Detection

There are three ways the system detects an error and lets you know there is a problem.

- 1. The Error LED on the bottom left of the system's Front Panel glows red.
- 2. The Access/Error LED on the bottom right of a hard disk drive glows a steady red.

Note: Each hard disk drive has two LEDs on its right front, the top LED is for power and the bottom LED shows either access or error.

3. A beeping sound from the system means the same as the Error LED.

Solving Problems

When the system detects an error as above:

- 1. Login to the Thecus N4100 browser based software.
- 2. Go to the System menu and choose Logs item.
- 3. The System Log screen appears.
- 4. Press the Error button and all recorded errors appear. The log entries help you diagnose the problem. Most errors are due to improper use of the device, or hard drive damage. If hard drive damage is the problem, see the section that follows.
- 5. If you are unable to solve the problem, please contact your dealer.

Hard Drive Replacement

You can easily replace a damaged hard drive in the Thecus N4100, and your data is secure with the system's automatic data recovery, provided you are using a RAID 1 or RAID 5 setting.

Hard Drive Damage

When a hard drive is damaged, its bottom LED glows a steady red. If there is data in the RAID volume, then the system LED also glows red, and the system beeps.

Replacing a Hard Drive

Replace a hard disk drive (HDD) as follows:

- 1. Remove the tray with the damaged HDD.
- 2. Unscrew the damaged HDD from the tray and put it aside.
- 3. Slide the new HDD into the tray and fasten the screws.
- 4. Insert the HDD and tray back into the Thecus N4100 until it snaps into place and lock it with a key if desired.
- 5. The LED blinks green when the HDD is accessed. If the Error LED flashes red it signals a problem.





RAID 5 Auto-Rebuild

RAID 5 on Thecus N4100 provides an auto-rebuild function.

- 1. When a hard disk fails the system beeps and/or an email notification is sent to specified receivers.
- 2. Check the hard disk error LEDs to see which disk has failed.
- 3. Follow the steps mentioned above to replace the failed hard disk.
- 4. The system automatically recognizes the new hard disk and starts the auto-rebuild to resume its status before the hard disk crash.

Note: The system supports hot-swap for RAID 5. The data service is not stopped during auto-rebuild.

CAUTION: Do not power off or shutdown the system during auto-rebuild.

Appendix B: Setting IP Addresses

Windows XP

- 1. Begin by clicking the Start button at the bottom left of the screen, point to Settings and select Control Panel. Select Network Connections.
- 2. Click on the Network Connection icon.
- 3. Double click on the current LAN settings to open the properties of your NIC.
- 4. Click on the Properties button on the bottom of the Local Area Connection Status window:

5. Double click on the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) item, or you can single click and select Properties:



🗕 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🛛 🔀				
General Authentication Advanced				
Connect using:				
Intel(R) PR0/100 VE Network Conne Configure				
This connection uses the following items:				
Install Uninstall Properties				
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.				
 Show icon in notification area when connected ✓ Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity 				
OK Cancel				

6. Select Using the following IP address. Type the IP address, e.g. 192.168.1.69. Type the Subnet mask, 255.255.255.0.

nternet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🛛 🛛 🤶 🔀				
General Alternate Configuration					
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.					
 Obtain an IP address automatical 	b .				
OUse the following IP address: —					
IP address:					
Subnet mask:					
Default gateway:					
 Obtain DNS server address autor 	natically				
OUse the following DNS server add	dresses:				
Preferred DNS server:					
Alternate DNS server:					
Advanced					
	OK Cancel				

Mac OS X

1. Go to the Apple menu and select System Preferences.

Ő	Finder	File	Edit	View	Go
A	bout This	Mac			
S	oftware Up	date			
N	Aac OS X S	oftwar	e		
S	ystem Prei	erence	25		
C	ock				
L	ocation				•
R	ecent Item	IS			۶
F	orce Quit	Finder		て 企3	0
S	leep				
R	estart				
S	hut Down.	2			

- 2. Under Internet and Network, select Network.
- 3. Change the Show pop-up option to Built-in Ethernet.
- 4. For Location, choose Automatic (or give this connection a name).
- 5. For Show, Select Built-in Ethernet.
- 6. Select the TCP/IP tab.
- 7. Set Configure to Manually.
- 8. Enter assigned static IP address.
- 9. Enter Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0
- 10. Enter Router 131.215.xxx.254 (replace xxx with your subnet).
- 11. Enter all 3 DNS Servers addresses:
 - 131.215.9.49
 - 131.215.139.100
 - 131.215.254.100
- 12. Click the Apply Now button then quit the System Preferences application.

			system Prefere	ences		
Show All	Displays Sou	nd Network	Startup Disk			
Personal						
The New				3	â	
Appearance	e Desktop & Screen Saver	Dock	Exposé	International	Security	
Hardware	2					
6		\bigcirc	90	=	۵	
CDs & DVDs	s Displays	Energy Saver	Keyboard & Mouse	Print & Fax	Sound	
Internet å	& Network					
		Ø				
Mac	Network	QuickTime	Sharing			
System						
11	9		(.)	٥		
Accounts	Classic	Date & Time	Software Update	Speech	Startup Disk	Universal Access

00	Network	C
Show All Displays Sou	Network Startup Disk	
U	ocation: Automatic	
	Show: Built-in Ethernet	
TCP	PPPoE AppleTalk Proxies Ethernet	}
Configure IPv4:	Manually	
IP Address:	131.215.123.123	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Router:	131.215.123.254	
DNS Servers:	131.215.9.49 131.215.139.100	
Search Domains:	caltech.edu	(Optional)
IPv6 Address:	fe80:0000:0000:0203:93ff:fead:606c	
	Configure IPv6	(?)

Appendix C: RAID Basics

This appendix discusses basic information about RAID and settings.

RAID Introduction

A Redundant Array of Independent Disks (RAID) is an array of several hard disks that provide data security and high performance. A RAID system accesses several hard disks simultaneously, which improves I/O performance over a single hard disk. Data security is enhanced by a RAID, since data loss due to a hard disk failure is minimized by regenerating redundant data from the other RAID hard disks.

Benefits

RAID improves I/O performance, and increases data security through fault tolerance and redundant data storage.

Improved Performance

RAID provides access to several hard disk drives simultaneously, which greatly increases I/O performance.

Data Security

Hard disk drive failure unfortunately is a common occurrence. A RAID helps prevent against the loss of data due to hard disk failure. A RAID offers additional hard disk drives that can avert data loss from a hard disk drive failure. If a hard drive fails, the RAID volume can regenerate data from the data and parity stored on its other hard disk drives.

RAID Overview

The standard RAID system levels are 0, 1, 3, and 5.

Stripe Size

You write data in stripes across the multiple hard disks of a RAID. Since multiple disks are accessed at the same time, disk striping enhances performance. The stripes can vary in size and are interleaved sequentially.

Term	Definition		
Stripe Width	The number of hard disk drives that are striped to. In a RAID with four hard disks the stripe width is four.		

Stripe Size The length of the interleaved data segments written across multiple hard disks.

Example:

Configure four hard disk drives as RAID 0 and the data is striped in segments. Segment One writes to HDD 1, Segment Two writes to HDD 2, and so on as below:



Choosing a RAID Level

The Thecus N4100 supports standard RAID levels 0, 1, and 5. You choose a RAID level when you create a system volume. The factors for selecting a RAID level are:

- Your requirements for performance
- Your need for data security
- Number of hard disk drives in the system
- Capacity of hard disk drives in the system

The following is a description of each RAID level and its pros and cons:

RAID	Application	Pros	Cons	No. of HDDs	Fault Tolerant
0	Best suited for non-critical data that requires high performance. Description: Data is divided into blocks and sequentially distributed.	High performance for large files	If any HDD fails, all data is lost	1~32	No
1	Best suited for read-intensive fault- tolerant systems. Description: Data is duplicated on another HDD (mirroring).	100% Data Security	Half the hard disk space available. Performance impaired during rebuild.	2	Yes
5	Best suited for high read volume, low write volume applications such as transaction processing. Description: Disk striping and parity	Low cost data security	Performance not as high as RAID 0 or RAID 1	3~32	Yes

RAID 0

RAID 0 is best suited for applications that need high bandwidth but do not require a high level of data security. The RAID 0 level provides the best performance of all the RAID levels, but it does not provide data redundancy.

RAID 0 uses disk striping and breaking up data into blocks to write across all hard drives in the volume. The system can then use multiple hard drives for faster read and write. The stripe size parameter that was set when the RAID was created determines the size of each block. No parity calculations complicate the write operation.

	Segment One
HDD 1	Segment Five
	Segment Nine
	Segment Two
HDD 2	Segment Six
	Segment Ten
	Segment Three
HDD 3	Segment Seven
	Segment Eleven
	Segment Four
HDD 4	Segment Eight
	Segment Twelve

RAID 1

RAID 1 mirrors all data from one hard disk drive to a second one hard disk drive, providing complete data redundancy. However, the cost of data storage capacity is doubled.



RAID 5

RAID 5 offers data security and good performance. It is best suited for networks that perform many small I/O transactions at the same time, as well as applications that require data security such as office automation and online customer service. Use it also for applications with high read requests but low write requests.

RAID 5 includes disk striping at the byte level and parity information is written to several hard disk drives. If a hard disk fails the system uses parity stored on each of the other hard disks to recreate all missing information.

HDD 1	Segment One Segment Five Parity (Segments 4 and 6)
HDD 2	Segment Two Segment Six Parity (Segments 1 and 7)
HDD 3	Segment Three Segment Seven Parity (Segments 2 and 8)
HDD 4	Segment Four Segment Eight Parity (Segments 3 and 5)

Appendix D: Active Directory

With Windows 2000, Microsoft introduced Active Directory (ADS), which is a large database/information store. Prior to Active Directory the Windows OS could not store additional information in its domain database. Active Directory also solved the problem of locating resources; which previously relied on Network Neighborhood, and was slow. Managing users and groups were among other issues Active Directory solved.

What is Active Directory?

Active Directory was built as a scalable, extensible directory service that was designed to meet corporate needs. A repository for storing user information, accounts, passwords, printers, computers, network information and other data, Microsoft calls Active Directory a "namespace" where names can be resolved.

ADS Benefits

ADS lets the N4100 integrate itself with the existing ADS in an office environment. This means the N4100 is able to recognize your office users and passwords on the ADS server. Other major benefits ADS support provides include.

1. Easy integration of the N4100 into the existing office IT infrastructure.

The N4100 acts as a member of the ADS. This feature significantly lowers the overhead of the system administrator. For example, corporate security policies and user privileges on an ADS server can be enforced automatically on the N4100.

2. Centralized user/password database.

The N4100 does not maintain its own copy of the user/password database. This avoids data inconsistency between the N4100 and other servers. For example, without ADS support, an administrator might need to remove a specific user privilege on the N4100 and each individual server. With ADS support, the change on an ADS server is known to all of its ADS members.

Appendix E: Specifications

CPU	Intel IOP
1st Network Interface	Gigabit Intel 82541
2nd Network Interface	Gigabit Intel 82541
SATA Controller	Intel SATA controller (4 SATA hard drives)
Flash	16MB
System	DDR 256MB
HDD	4x bays of 3.5" SATA HDD,
AC/DC	200W ATX power supply
Adapter	AC 100~240Volt, 50/60 Hz
LED	1 x Power LED 1 x System busy LED (booting, upgrade, shutdown) 2 x Network link + activity LED 4 x Hard drive power LED 4 x Hard drive activity LED
Dimensions	167mm(W) x 199mm(H) x 223mm(D)
RAID Levels	0, 1, 5, JBOD
Auto Rebuild	Rebuild new hard drives by inserting HDD to an existing RAID system
Hot Swap	Hard drives can be removed and inserted on the fly and the N4100 still provides service during swapping
Client Platform	Windows 98/ME/NT/2000/XP UNIX/Linux/BSD (by SMB/CIFS) Apple OS X (by SMB/CIFS)

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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